# Multiplicative geometric structures

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Workshop on EDS and Lie theory

Fields Institute, December 2013



### Outline:

- 1. Motivation: geometry on Lie groupoids
- 2. Multiplicative structures
- 3. Infinitesimal/global correspondence
- 4. Examples and applications

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Lie groupoids are often equipped with "compatible" geometry...

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Recurrent problem: infinitesimal counterparts, integration...



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- [1] Crainic: Differentiable and algebroid cohomology, van Est isomorphisms, and characteristic classes, *Comment. Math. Helv.* (2003)
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#### Definition:

au is **multiplicative** if  $\bar{\tau} \in C^{\infty}(\mathbb{G})$  is multiplicative. (1-cocycle)



For functions: multiplicative  $f \in C^{\infty}(\mathcal{G}) \iff \mu \in \Gamma(A^*), d_A\mu = 0.$ 

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Enough to use particular types of sections  $a \in \Gamma(\mathbb{A})...$ 



### Key facts:

 $\diamond$  Information about  $\mathcal{L}_{a'}\bar{\tau}$  encoded in

$$\mathcal{L}_{a^r}\tau \in \Gamma(\wedge^q T\mathcal{G} \otimes \wedge^p T^*\mathcal{G}),$$

$$i_{a^r}\tau \in \Gamma(\wedge^q T\mathcal{G} \otimes \wedge^{p-1} T^*\mathcal{G}),$$

$$i_{t^*\alpha}\tau \in \Gamma(\wedge^{q-1} T\mathcal{G} \otimes \wedge^p T^*\mathcal{G}),$$
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 $\diamond$  The map  $\mathfrak{t}^*: C^\infty(\mathbb{M}) o C^\infty(\mathbb{G})$  restricts to

$$\Gamma(\wedge^q A \otimes \wedge^p T^* M) \to \Gamma(\wedge^q T \mathcal{G} \otimes \wedge^p T^* \mathcal{G}),$$
$$\chi \otimes \alpha \mapsto \chi^r \otimes t^* \alpha$$

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How about cocycle equations?

## Cocycle equations for (D, r, I):

(1) 
$$D([a,b]) = a.D(b) - b.D(a)$$

(2) 
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(3) 
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(Redundancies...)

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## Theorem: (B., Drummond)

1-1 correspondence between  $\tau \in \Gamma(\wedge^q T\mathcal{G} \otimes \wedge^p T^*\mathcal{G})$  multiplicative and (D, I, r), where

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, Leibniz-like condition,

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(more general tensors, coefficients in reps...)

Infinitesimal components become:

$$\delta: \Gamma(\wedge^{\bullet}A) \to \Gamma(\wedge^{\bullet+q-1}A),$$

such that

$$\delta(ab) = \delta(a)b + (-1)^{|a|(q-1)}a\delta(b)$$
 
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E.g. (quasi-)Poisson groupoids and (quasi-)Lie bialgebroids...

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E.g. symplectic groupoids and Poisson structures...

Infinitesimal components become  $(D, \tau_A, \tau_M)$ ,

$$D: \Omega^{\bullet}(M, A) \to \Omega^{\bullet+p}(M, A),$$
  

$$\tau_A: \wedge^{\bullet} T^*M \otimes A \to \wedge^{\bullet+p-1} T^*M \otimes A,$$
  

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GLA relative to *Frolicher-Nijenhuis* bracket on multiplicative  $\Omega^{\bullet}(\mathcal{G}, \mathcal{TG})$ ...

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 $J_A:A\to A$ ,

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complex Lie group: Lie bracket complex bilinear

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complex Lie group: Lie bracket complex bilinear holomorphic vector bundle: flat, partial  $T^{10}$ -connection

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complex Lie group: Lie bracket complex bilinear holomorphic vector bundle: flat, partial  $T^{10}$ -connection

more: holomorphic symplectic/Poisson groupoids, almost product...

# Thank you